

The Global Climate Tax Statement:

1. All GHG gases & substances are taxed
2. The tax is levied EVERYWHERE, globally, at the same rate per ton of CO₂ equivalent
3. The tax is gradually introduced to allow the economy to adjust, starting at U\$ 100/tCO₂e, increasing by U\$100 per year, to a maximum of U\$ 1500/tCO₂e (15 years after implementation)
4. The tax is levied & redistributed at country level, at the point of emissions (end-consumer, similar to VAT)
5. ALL tax revenues are redistributed, completely fiscal neutral
 - a) 50% as cash-back directly to each individual, re-distributed regressively (low-income brackets receive higher cash-back) to balance the temporarily increasing energy bill
 - b) 40% for building renewable energy infrastructure (excluding nuclear, bio-fuels and carbon capture technologies), public transport, and the replacement of fossil-fuelled appliances
 - c) 7% for re-forestation, information, R&D, and mitigation
 - d) 3% into a global fund in support of the most affected and the least developed nations
6. Agriculture contributes 15-25% of global GHG emissions. Meat and dairy products therefore need to be taxed according to their associated CO₂e emissions
7. Countries that do not participate in a global climate tax scheme are taxed a flat import tariff of at least 30% on all imports. These tariffs will be redistributed to the population as cash-back

Tax all GHGs

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graph TD; A[Tax all GHGs] --> B[Re-distribute:]; A --> C[Re-invest: Renewable]; B --> D[Economic stimulus]; C --> E[GHG emissions]; C --> D;
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**Re-
distribute:**

**Re-invest:
Renewable**

**Economic
stimulus**

**GHG
emissions**